# The Overdose Crisis In Central Florida:

A Critical Analysis of Recent Trends and Recommendations for Sustaining Effective Interventions

# **COMMUNITY RECOMMENDATIONS**

### Increase advocacy and education for "opioid naïve" individuals

Given the alarming rate at which overdose deaths are occurring, particularly among younger individuals, it's crucial to educate those who have not been exposed to opioids about the risks and realities of misuse. Awareness campaigns should be targeted towards schools, colleges, and social media platforms where younger audiences can be most effectively reached.

#### Focus on mental health services in relation to opioid misuse

The link between mental health and substance abuse cannot be overstated. Investments in mental health services, particularly those that focus on addiction counseling and treatment, should be increased. Moreover, integrated healthcare services that offer both mental health and addiction treatment may be effective in dealing with the root causes of opioid misuse.

#### Create a Regional Opioid Commission in Central Florida

In light of the significant decrease in overdose deaths in Central Florida, a Regional Opioid Commission could consolidate these gains by promoting best practices and effective strategies. This commission could serve as a model for other regions and states, helping to identify scalable and sustainable solutions to the opioid crisis.

#### Implement a technology-based stakeholder navigation system

Navigating the complex landscape of healthcare, addiction treatment, and social services is often overwhelming for individuals battling opioid addiction. Implementing a technology-based navigation system specifically tailored for these individuals could streamline the process of finding and accessing appropriate treatments and services. The system can help guide them through essential steps—from initial consultation and diagnosis to treatment options like medication-assisted treatments (MAT) and counseling, as well as follow-up care—ensuring a more coordinated and efficient approach to managing addiction.

## Introduce naloxone in educational institutions (K-12, Colleges, Universities)

Given the effectiveness of naloxone in preventing opioid-related deaths, this life-saving medication should be made widely available in educational settings. Staff and students should also receive training on how to administer it in emergency situations. This measure is especially urgent considering the increasing rates of overdose among adolescents and young adults.

#### HR training focused on managing employees with opioid misuse

Given the societal scope of the opioid crisis, workplaces are not immune. Human resources professionals should be trained to recognize signs of opioid misuse among employees and to manage these situations in a way that aligns with best practices for harm reduction and compassionate intervention. This can include providing resources for treatment and reducing the stigma associated with seeking help for addiction.